

The `bibexport.sh` script

Nicolas Markey

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Abstract

`bibexport.sh` is a small shell script, relying on Bib_{TEX}, that extracts entries of one or several `.bib` file(s). It will expand abbreviations and cross-references, except standard month and journal abbreviations. The output is indented as neatly as possible, yielding a readable `.bib` file even if the original file is not.

1 Exporting `.bib` files

1.1 Why and how?

Bib_{TEX} aims at allowing for the use of one single `.bib` file, containing many entries, from which Bib_{TEX} extracts only the `\cited` ones. When sending a document to someone else, this requires either sending the whole file, or extracting the `\cited` entries from the `.bib` file.

Bib_{TEX} also has a mechanism for using abbreviations and cross-references. When extracting entries of a large `.bib` file, it can be interesting to develop those abbreviations, in order to get a clean, self-contained `.bib` file. Also, it may be useful to develop cross-references in a `.bib` file, independently of any document.

`bibexport` can either extract entries that are cited in a document, or all the entries of one or several `.bib` files. It will always develop cross-references and abbreviations, except standard abbreviations for months or some journals, that are defined in standard Bib_{TEX} styles. This script uses Bib_{TEX}. This has both pros and cons:

- + it is very simple. Basicly, the script simply calls Bib_{TEX}, and the `.bst` file just outputs the name and the content of each field.
- + since it uses Bib_{TEX}, we are sure that it will handle everything "properly", *i.e.* in the same way as they will be handled when cited in a L^AT_EX document;
- = Bib_{TEX} has some strict limitations (especially "no more than 78 consecutive non-space characters") that we must be aware of. On the other hand, any such problem occuring within the script would also occur when compiling a document;

- abbreviations and cross-references will *always* be developed. It could be argued that this is also a positive point, but having the choice would be better.
- Many people seem to find BibTeX’s internal language clumsy, and thus the script could be difficult to adapt to special needs. However, this is not *that* difficult, as will be explained later on. In the present case, adding more fields to be exported is quite easy.

1.2 Related scripts

Several other tools exist for achieving this task:

- **aux2bib**, written by Ralf Treinen, relies on **bib2bib**, which is a CAML program for selecting some entries in one or several **.bib** files. It does not expand anything, but includes all the necessary definitions and entries.
- **bibextract.sh**, by Nelson Beebe. This script uses AWK for extracting some entries out of a **.bib** file. It is said not to be compliant with cross-references.
- **subset bst**, by David Kotz. **export bst** develops the same ideas (but I discovered that only later on). **subset bst** does not handle **@preamble**, neither does it “protect” standard abbreviations.

1.3 Some examples

- extracting **\cited** references of a document, also including cross-references:

```
bibexport.sh -o <result>.bib <file>.aux
```

- extracting **\cited** references of a document, without crossrefs, and using a special **.bst** file:

```
bibexport.sh -b <style>.bst -o <result>.bib <file>.aux
```

- export all the entries of two **.bib** files (including crossrefed entries):

```
bibexport.sh -a -o <result>.bib <file1>.bib <file2>.bib
```

- export all the entries of two **.bib** files (without crossrefs):

```
bibexport.sh -a -n -o <result>.bib <file1>.bib <file2>.bib
```

In fact, the only difference between this and the previous one is that **crossref** field will be filtered out at the end of the script.

- export all the entries of two **.bib** files, using an extra file containing cross-referenced entries (which should not be included):

```
bibexport.sh -a -e <crossref>.bib -n -o <result>.bib \
<file1>.bib <file2>.bib
```

1.4 Exporting extra fields

By default, `bibexport` exports only "standard" fields (those defined and used in `plain bst`), as well as a few others. It is very easy to modify it in order to export other fields: it suffices to modify `export bst` as follows:

- in the `ENTRY` list, add the name of the field you would like to export. Notice that `ENTRY` takes three space-separated lists as arguments; you must add extra fields in the first argument (actually, the last two are empty).
- in the function `entry.export.extra`, add a line of the form

```
"myfield" myfield field.export
```

where `myfield` is the name of the extra field you want to export.

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2 The code

2.1 The shell script

2.1.1 Initialization

`checkversion` We check that the `.bst` files have the correct version number:

```
1 <*script>
2 function checkversion()
3 {
4   kpsewhich expcites.bst > /dev/null ||
5   echo "-----
6 --Warning-- file expcites.bst not found.
7 -----"
8   grep -q $VDATE `kpsewhich expkeys.bst` ||
9   echo "-----
10 --Warning-- the version of the .bst files does not match with that of this script.
11 -----"
12 }
13 </script>
```

`usage` We first define how the script should be used:

```
14 <*script>
15 function usage()
16 {
17 echo "bibexport: a tool to extract BibTeX entries out of .bib files.
18 usage: 'basename $0' [-h|v|n|c|a|d|s|t] [-b|e|s|e|c|o|r file...
19
```

```

20 Basic options:
21 -----
22 -a, --all           export the entire .bib files
23 -o bib, --output-file bib write output to file      [default: bibexport.bib]
24 -ns, --nosave      overwrite output file without keeping a copy
25 -p, --preamble     write a preamble at beginning of output
26 -t, --terse        operate silently
27 -h, --help         print this message and exit
28 -v, --version      print version number and exit
29
30 Advanced options:
31 -----
32 -b bst, --bst bst  specifies the .bst style file [default: export.bst]
33 -c, --crossref     preserve crossref field          [default: no]
34 -n, --no-crossref  remove crossref'd entries       [default: no]
35 -e bib, --extra bib extra .bib file to be used (crossrefs and strings)
36 -es bib, --extras bib extra .bib file to be used (for strings)
37 -ec bib, --extrac bib extra .bib file to be used (for crossrefs)
38 -r bib, --replace bib replace .bib file(s) in the .aux file
39 -d, --debug        create intermediate files but don't run BibTeX";
40 exit 0;
41 }
42 </script>

```

opttoolate We also have a function to warn if extra options are given after the names of input files, which is not allowed.

```

43 <*script>
44 function opttoolate()
45 {
46 if [ ! -z "${TOOLATE}" ]; then
47   echo "No options are allowed after the input files";
48   exit 0;
49 fi
50 }
51 </script>

```

VERSION We define the default value of some variables:

- VDATE
- \$VERSION: the version number;
- ALL
- CREF
- \$VDATE: the release date;
- DEBUG
- FILE
- \$ALL: a flag indicating that all entries of the given (.bib) file are to be exported;
- EXT
- EXTRA
- \$CREF: the value of -min-crossrefs;
- EXTRABIB
- REPLACEBIB
- \$FILE: the input file(s);
- NEWBIB
- SPACE
- \$EXT: the extension (.aux or .bib) of input files;
- BST
- TERSE
- BANNER
- NOSAVE
- ARGS
- TOOLATE

- **\$EXTRA**: list of possible extra .bib files without extension;
- **\$EXTRABIB**: list of possible extra .bib files with extension;
- **\$REPLACEBIB**: flag indicating that we will replace the .bib file given in the .aux file with a new one;
- **\$NEWBIB**: new .bib file to replace that given in the .aux file;
- **\$SPACE**: file name separator (can be _, comma or empty);
- **\$BST**: the .bst file to be used;
- **\$TERSE**: run silently;
- **\$BANNER**: don't print the initial comment;
- **\$NOSAVE**: don't keep a copy if overwriting output file;
- **\$ARGS**: the list of arguments passed to bibexport.sh;
- **\$TOOLATE**: options are not allowed once we have encountered the first non-option argument.
- **\$DEBUG**: create intermediate files but do not run BibTeX.

```

52 <*script>
53 ## Version number
54 VERSION="3.03";
55 ## Release date
56 VDATE="2019/03/30";
57
58 # ALL is a flag set to 1 when '-a' is given
59 ALL="";
60 # FILE will be the main input file(s) (.aux or .bib, depending on '-a')
61 FILE="";
62 # EXT is the extension of the input file(s) (.aux, or .bib if '-a')
63 EXT=".aux";
64 # EXTRA and EXTRABIB are two copies of the extra files ('-e'), used to
65 # include crossref'd entries and @string's
66 EXTRA="";
67 EXTRABIB="";
68 # REPLACEBIB ('-r') is set to 1 when the \bibdata of the .aux input file
69 # must be ignored (then '-e' must be used)
70 REPLACEBIB="";
71 # NEWBIB will contain the argument given to -r
72 NEWBIB="";
73 # BST is the .bst file to be used (default to export.bst)
74 BST="export";
75 # TERSE will be set to '-terse' if '-t' is given
76 TERSE="";
77 # NOSAVE if no need to save file before overwriting it

```

```

78 NOSAVE="";
79 # BANNER is used to turn on or off the preamble informations in the output
80 BANNER="";
81 # CREF is the number of citations of crossrefs from which the crossref'd entry
82 # must be included.
83 CREF="0";
84
85 # SPACE will be either ' ' or ','
86 SPACE="";
87 # TOOLATE is used to prevent extra options after the main file
88 TOOLATE="";
89 # DEBUG is used to create files but not run BibTeX.
90 DEBUG="";
91
92 ARGS=$@;
93 </script>
```

2.1.2 Handling arguments

If no argument have been supplied, we call `usage`. Otherwise, we check version number.

```

94 <*script>
95 if [ $# -eq 0 ]; then
96   usage;
97 fi
98 checkversion;
99 </script>
```

Otherwise, we enter a `while`-loop for handling the whole list of arguments:

```

100 <*script>
101 while [ $# != 0 ]; do
102   case $1 in
103 </script>
```

- `-a` or `--all`: export all the bibliography. This means that we input `.bib` files.

```

104   <*script>
105     -a|--all)
106       ## - export all entries in the input file(s)
107       ## - the input files are BibTeX files
108       opttoolate;
109       EXT="" ; SPACE="" ; ALL="a" ;
110       shift ;
111   </script>
```

- `-b` or `--bst`: specifies the style file. It seems that BibTeX does not like the `./style.bst` syntax, and we have to handle that case separately.

```
112   <*script>
```

```

113     -b|--bst)
114         ## - specifies the .bst file to use (default to 'export.bst')
115         opttoolate;
116         if [ `dirname $2` = "." ]; then
117             DOLLARTWO=`basename $2 .bst`;
118         else
119             DOLLARTWO=`dirname $2`/`basename $2 .bst`;
120         fi
121         BST="${DOLLARTWO}";
122         shift 2;;
123     
```

- **-d** or **--debug**: only creates (and preserves) the intermediate files. This can help finding problems with the script or **.bst** files.

```

124     <*script>
125         -d|--debug)
126             ## - debug mode: we create files but do not run bibtex
127             ## - instead, we print what we would have done...
128             opttoolate;
129             DEBUG="a";
130             shift ;;
131     
```

- **-e** or **--extra**: when we want to export all the entries of a **.bib** file, we can specify an extra **.bib** file that would contain entries that we don't want to export, but that are needed, *e.g.* for crossrefs.

```

132     <*script>
133         -e|--extra)
134             ## - extra input files (containing crossrefs or strings)
135             ## - they will be included twice: once before the main file(s)
136             ##   (for @string's), once after (for crossrefs). We fool BibTeX
137             ##   by naming the first one 'file.bib' and the second one
138             ##   'file.bib.bib', to avoid complaints.
139             opttoolate;
140             if [ `dirname $2` = "." ]; then
141                 DOLLARTWO=`basename $2 .bib`;
142             else
143                 DOLLARTWO=`dirname $2`/`basename $2 .bib`;
144             fi
145             EXTRA="${EXTRA}${DOLLARTWO},";
146             EXTRABIB="${EXTRABIB},${DOLLARTWO}.bib";
147             shift 2;;
148     
```

- **-es** or **--extras**: if, for some reason, including extra files twice is not possible, this options provides a way of including extra **.bib** files only before the main **.bib** file(s).

```
149     <*script>
```

```

150      -es|--extras)
151          ## - extra input files (containing strings)
152          ## - will be included *before* the main files (hence not suitable
153          ##   for crossrefs)
154          opttoolate;
155          if [ `dirname $2` = "." ]; then
156              DOLLARTWO=`basename $2 .bib`;
157          else
158              DOLLARTWO=`dirname $2`/`basename $2 .bib`;
159          fi
160          EXTRA="${EXTRA}${DOLLARTWO},";
161          shift 2;;
162      
```

- **-ec** or **--extrac**: similar to the previous one, but for file(s) included after the main .bib file(s).

```

163      <*script>
164          -ec|--extrac)
165              ## - extra input files (containing crossrefs)
166              ## - will be included only *after* the main files (hence not
167              ##   suitable for @string's)
168              opttoolate;
169              if [ `dirname $2` = "." ]; then
170                  DOLLARTWO=`basename $2 .bib`;
171              else
172                  DOLLARTWO=`dirname $2`/`basename $2 .bib`;
173              fi
174              EXTRABIB="${EXTRABIB},${DOLLARTWO}.bib";
175              shift 2;;
176      
```

- **-o** or **--output**: the name of the output file.

```

177      <*script>
178          -o|--output-file)
179              ## - name of the output file
180              ## - we force it to end with '.bib'
181              opttoolate;
182              if [ `dirname $2` = "." ]; then
183                  DOLLARTWO=`basename $2 .bib`;
184              else
185                  DOLLARTWO=`dirname $2`/`basename $2 .bib`;
186              fi
187              OUTPUT="${DOLLARTWO}.bib";
188              shift 2 ;;
189      
```

- **-c** or **--crossref** (or others): this option means that we want crossrefs to be included. Note that for any entry, field inheritance will be performed.

```

190      <!*script>
191          -c|--crossref|--crossrefs|--with-crossref|--with-crossrefs)
192              ## - whether or not to preserve 'crossref' keys.
193              ## - by default, they are removed, but crossref'd entries are
194              ##     included.
195              ## - crossrefs are *always* expanded anyway.
196          opttoolate;
197          CREF="1" ;
198          shift ;;
199      </script>

• -n or --no-crossref: don't include crossref'ed entries.

200      <!*script>
201          -n|--no-crossref|--without-crossref|--no-crossrefs|--without-crossrefs)
202              ## - to remove crossref'd entries (hence remove 'crossref' keys).
203          opttoolate;
204          CREF="20000" ;
205          shift ;;
206      </script>

• -r or --replace: this provides a way of replacing the .bib files given by
\bibdata in the .aux file with (a) new one(s).

207      <!*script>
208          -r|--replace)
209              ## - to replace the file(s) given in \bibdata in the .aux file with
210              ##     (a) new one(s).
211          opttoolate;
212          REPLACEBIB="a";
213          if [ `dirname $2` = "." ]; then
214              DOLLARTWO=`basename $2 .bib`;
215          else
216              DOLLARTWO=`dirname $2`/`basename $2 .bib`;
217          fi
218          NEWBIB="${NEWBIB}${DOLLARTWO}.bib,";
219          shift 2;;
220      </script>

• -v or --version for version number:

221      <!*script>
222          -v|--version)
223              echo "This is bibexport v${VERSION} (released ${VDATE})"; exit 0;;
224      </script>

• -ns or --nosave for not keeping a copy of the output file if we overwrite it:

225      <!*script>
226          -ns|--nosave|--no-save)
227              NOSAVE="a";
228              shift ;;
229      </script>

```

- **-p** or **--preamble** for inserting some informations at the beginning of the output file:

```

230      <!*script>
231          -p|--preamble|--with-preamble)
232              BANNER="a";
233              shift ;
234      </script>
```

- **-t** or **--terse** for asking BibTeX to run silently:

```

235      <!*script>
236          -t|--terse|--silent)
237              TERSE="-terse ";
238              shift ;
239      </script>
```

- other dash-options are erroneous (except **-h**, but...):

```

240      <!*script>
241          -*)
242              usage;;
243      </script>
```

- there should only remain file names: we add those names to the list of files.

```

244      <!*script>
245          *)
246              ## - list of input files
247              ## - we ensure that no extra option is given later...
248              TOOLATE="a";
249              if [ `dirname $1` = "." ]; then
250                  DOLLARONE=`basename $1 ${EXT}`;
251              else
252                  DOLLARONE=`dirname $1`/`basename $1 ${EXT}`;
253              fi
254              FILE="${FILE}${SPACE}${DOLLARONE}${EXT}";
255              if [ -z "${ALL}" ]; then
256                  SPACE=" ";
257              else
258                  SPACE=",";
259              fi;
260              shift;;
261      </script>
```

That's all folks:

```

262 <!*script>
263     esac
264 done
265 </script>
```

2.1.3 The core of the script

We first set the name of the result and intermediary files:

```
266 <*script>
267 FINALFILE=${OUTPUT};
268 if [ ! "${FINALFILE}" ]; then
269     FINALFILE="bibexport.bib";
270 fi
271 TMPFILE="bibexp.\`date +\%s\`";
272 </script>
```

We then create the .aux file for the main run of BibTeX. Note that this could call BibTeX, with the `expkeys bst` file, in the case where we want to export all entries of a .bib file but not crossrefs. Note how, in that case, we trick BibTeX for inputting extra files twice: we include them with their short name first (with no extension), and then with the full name. We *need* to do that, since `string` abbreviations must be defined first, while crossrefs must occur after having been referenced.

```
273 <*script>
274 if [ -z "${EXT}" ]; then ## we export all entries
275     if [ -z "${EXTRA}" ]; then ## we have no extra files
276         cat > ${TMPFILE}.aux <<EOF
277 \citation{*}
278 \bibdata{$FILE}
279 \bibstyle{$BST}
280 EOF
281     else ## we have extra files (e.g. for crossrefs) but want all entries from ${FILE}
282         ## we first extract the keys to be used:
283         cat > ${TMPFILE}.aux <<EOF
284 \citation{*}
285 \bibdata{$FILE}
286 \bibstyle{expkeys}
287 EOF
288     ## This run may generate errors. We redirect the output:
289     bibtex -min-crossrefs=${CREF} -terse ${TMPFILE} >/dev/null 2>&1;
290     mv -f ${TMPFILE}.bb1 ${TMPFILE}.aux;
291     ## and then prepare the .aux file for exporting:
292     cat >> ${TMPFILE}.aux <<EOF
293 \bibdata{$EXTRA}{$FILE}{$EXTRABIB}
294 \bibstyle{$BST}
295 EOF
296     fi
297 else ## we only export entries listed in the given .aux file:
298     if [ -z "${REPLACEBIB}" ]; then
299         cat ${FILE} | sed -e "s/bibstyle{.*}/bibstyle{$BST}/" > ${TMPFILE}.aux;
300     else
301         cat ${FILE} | sed -e "s/bibstyle{.*}/bibstyle{$BST}/" \
302             -e "s\bibdata{.*}\bibdata{$EXTRA}{$NEWBIB%,}{$EXTRABIB}\b" > ${TMPFILE}.aux;
303     fi
304 fi
```

```
305 </script>
```

This was the hard part. We now call BibTeX, clean and rename the output file, and remove intermediary files:

```
306 (*script)
307 if [ -z "$DEBUG" ]; then
308     bibtex -min-crossrefs=${CREF} ${TERSE} ${TMPFILE};
309     if [ -e ${FINALFILE} ] && [ -z "${NOSAVE}" ]; then
310         mv ${FINALFILE} ${FINALFILE}-save-'date "+%Y.%m.%d:%H.%M.%S"'
311     fi
312     echo "" > ${FINALFILE}
313 else
314     echo "bibtex -min-crossrefs=${CREF} ${TERSE} ${TMPFILE};"
315     if [ -e ${FINALFILE} ] && [ -z "${NOSAVE}" ]; then
316         echo "mv ${FINALFILE} ${FINALFILE}-save-'date "+%Y.%m.%d:%H.%M.%S\""
317     fi
318     echo "echo \"\" > ${FINALFILE}"
319 fi
320 if [ ! -z "${BANNER}" ]; then
321     ## list of cited entries
322     if [ -z "$DEBUG" ]; then
323         sed -i -e "s/\\bibstyle{.*}/\\bibstyle{expcites}/" ${TMPFILE}.aux
324         mv ${TMPFILE}.aux ${TMPFILE}-cites.aux
325         bibtex -terse -min-crossrefs=${CREF} ${TMPFILE}-cites
326         echo -ne "@comment{generated using bibexport:\n" >> ${FINALFILE};
327         echo -ne " creation date:\t'date +\%c'\n" >> ${FINALFILE};
328         echo -ne " command:\t\t'basename $0' ${ARGS}\n" >> ${FINALFILE};
329         if [ -z "${EXT}" ]; then
330             echo -ne " source files:\t\t${FILETAB}\t\t\t\t${EXTRABIBTAB}\n" >> ${FINALFILE};
331         fi
332         cat ${TMPFILE}-cites.bbl >> ${FINALFILE};
333         #echo -ne " bibexport-version:\t'${VERSION}' (${VDATE})\n" >> ${FINALFILE};
334         #echo -ne " bibexport-maintainer:\t'Nicolas Markey <bibexport(at)markey.fr>'\n" >> ${FINALFILE};
335         sed -i -e "s/}//g" ${FINALFILE};
336         echo -n -e "]\n\n" >> ${FINALFILE};
337         rm -f ${TMPFILE}-cites.bbl ${TMPFILE}-cites.aux ${TMPFILE}-cites.blg
338     fi
339 fi
340 if [ ${CREF} -ne 1 ]; then
341     if [ -z "$DEBUG" ]; then
342         egrep -iv '^ *crossref *= *[^,]+,?$', \
343             ${TMPFILE}.bb1 >> ${FINALFILE};
344     else
345         echo "egrep -iv '^ *crossref *= *[^,]+,?$', ${TMPFILE}.bb1 >> ${FINALFILE};"
346     fi
347 else
348     if [ -z "$DEBUG" ]; then
349         cat ${TMPFILE}.bb1 >> ${FINALFILE};
350     else
351         echo "cat ${TMPFILE}.bb1 >> ${FINALFILE};"
```

```

352     fi
353 fi
354 if [ -z "$DEBUG" ]; then
355     rm -f ${TMPFILE}.bb1 ${TMPFILE}.aux ${TMPFILE}.blg;
356 else
357     echo "rm -f ${TMPFILE}.bb1 ${TMPFILE}.aux ${TMPFILE}.blg";
358 fi
359 </script>
```

2.2 The **expkeys.bst** file

The only role of that file is to export the list of entries to be exported. It is used when we export all the entries of **.bib** files, except those of *extra* **.bib** files. Thus:

```

360 <*expkeys>
361 ENTRY{}{}{}
362 READ
363 FUNCTION{export.key}
364 {
365   "\citation{" cite$ "}" * * write$ newline$
366 }
367 ITERATE{export.key}
368 </expkeys>
```

2.3 The **expcites.bst** file

This file is used for exporting and formating the list of **\cited** entries. We begin with some parameters defining the margins

2.3.1 Some configuration values

```

left.width
right.width 369 <*expcites>
url.right.width 370 FUNCTION{left.width}{#23}
left.short.width 371 FUNCTION{right.width}{#55}
right.short.width 372 FUNCTION{url.right.width}{#61}
left.delim 373 FUNCTION{left.short.width}{#10} %% for @preamble
right.delim 374 FUNCTION{right.long.width}{#63}
375 FUNCTION{left.delim}{quote$}
376 FUNCTION{right.delim}{quote$}
377 </expcites>
```

2.3.2 Entries

We only want to export **\cited** keys, so we won't use any field.

```

ENTRY
378 <*expcites>
379 ENTRY{dummy}{}{}
380 </expcites>
```

2.3.3 Basic functions

```
or
and 381 {*expctes}
not 382 FUNCTION{not}
383 {
384     {#0}
385     {#1}
386     if$
387 }
388 FUNCTION{and}
389 {
390     'skip$ 
391     {pop$ #0}
392     if$
393 }
394 FUNCTION{or}
395 {
396     {pop$ #1}
397     'skip$ 
398     if$
399 }
400 {*}expctes}
```

2.3.4 Splitting strings

We design functions for splitting strings, so that the final .bib file will be cleanly indented.

```
space.complete
split.string 401 {*}expctes
402 INTEGERS{left.length right.length}
403 STRINGS{ s t }
404 INTEGERS{bool cpt}
405 FUNCTION{space.complete}
406 {
407     'left.length :=
408     duplicate$ text.length$ left.length swap$ -
409     {duplicate$ #0 >}
410     {
411         swap$ " " * swap$ #1 -
412     }
413     while$
414     pop$
415 }
416 FUNCTION{split.string}
417 {
418     'right.length :=
419     duplicate$ right.length #1 + #1 substring$ "" =
420     {"")}
```

```

421      {
422        's := 
423        right.length
424        {duplicate$ duplicate$ s swap$ #1 substring$ " " = not and}
425          {#1 -}
426        while$
427        duplicate$ #2 <
428          {
429            pop$ "    " s * ""
430          }
431          {
432            duplicate$ s swap$ #1 swap$ substring$
433              swap$
434              s swap$ global.max$ substring$
435            }
436            if$
437          }
438        if$
439      }
440 ⟨/expctes⟩

```

2.3.5 Exporting cited entries

Now we initialize, and export \cited entries.

```

init.cited.keys
write.cited.keys 441 ⟨*expctes⟩
write.cited.keys.last 442 FUNCTION{init.cited.keys}
  write.nbkeys 443 {
    cited.keys 444   left.delim 's :=
  end.cited.keys 445   #0 'bool :=
    446   #0 'cpt :=
    447 }
    448 FUNCTION{write.cited.keys}
  449 {
    450   bool
      451     {" left.width space.complete swap$}
      452     {" list of keys: " left.width space.complete swap$"
        453       #1 'bool :=}
    454   if$
    455   {duplicate$ text.length$ right.width >}
    456   {
      457     right.width split.string 't :=
      458     *
      459     write$ newline$
      460     "" left.width space.complete t
    461   }
  462   while$
  463   pop$ pop$ t
  464 }

```

```

465 FUNCTION{write.cited.keys.last}
466 {
467   bool
468   {" left.width space.complete swap$}
469   {" list of keys: " left.width space.complete swap$"
470     #1 'bool :=}
471   if$
472   {duplicate$ duplicate$ text.length$ #1 substring$ "," = not}
473   {duplicate$ text.length$ #1 - #1 swap$ substring$}
474   while$
475   duplicate$ text.length$ #1 - #1 swap$ substring$#
476   right.delim * "," *
477   {duplicate$ "" = not}
478   {
479     right.width split.string 't :=
480     *
481     write$ newline$
482     "" left.width space.complete t
483   }
484   while$
485   pop$ pop$
486 }
487 FUNCTION{write.nbkeys}
488 {
489   " number of entries: " left.width space.complete
490   " " *
491   cpt int.to.str$ * "," * write$ newline$
492 }
493 FUNCTION{cited.keys}
494 {
495   cpt #1 + 'cpt :=
496   s cite$ ", " * * 's :=
497   s text.length$ #4000 >
498   {s write.cited.keys 's :=}
499   'skip$
500   if$
501 }
502 FUNCTION{end.cited.keys}
503 {
504   s write.cited.keys.last
505   write.nbkeys
506 }
507 (/expctes)

```

2.3.6 Now, we export...

We now export everything...

```

508 (*expctes)
509 FUNCTION{article}{cited.keys}

```

```

510 FUNCTION{book}{cited.keys}
511 FUNCTION{booklet}{cited.keys}
512 FUNCTION{conference}{cited.keys}
513 FUNCTION{habthesis}{cited.keys}
514 FUNCTION{inbook}{cited.keys}
515 FUNCTION{incollection}{cited.keys}
516 FUNCTION{inproceedings}{cited.keys}
517 FUNCTION{journals}{cited.keys}
518 FUNCTION{manual}{cited.keys}
519 FUNCTION{mastersthesis}{cited.keys}
520 FUNCTION{misc}{cited.keys}
521 FUNCTION{phdthesis}{cited.keys}
522 FUNCTION{proceedings}{cited.keys}
523 FUNCTION{techreport}{cited.keys}
524 FUNCTION{unpublished}{cited.keys}
525 READ
526 EXECUTE{init.cited.keys}
527 ITERATE{cited.keys}
528 EXECUTE{end.cited.keys}
529 </expctes>

```

2.4 The **export.bst** file

2.4.1 Some configuration values

`left.width` We define here the indentation values, and the field delimiters. *short width* are used for `@preamble`.

```

url.right.width 530 <*export>
left.short.width 531 FUNCTION{left.width}{#18}
right.short.width 532 FUNCTION{right.width}{#55}
left.delim 533 FUNCTION{url.right.width}{#61}
right.delim 534 FUNCTION{left.short.width}{#10} %% for @preamble
      535 FUNCTION{right.long.width}{#63}
      536 FUNCTION{left.delim}{\{}%
      537 FUNCTION{right.delim}{\}}%
      538 %FUNCTION{left.delim}{quote$}
      539 %FUNCTION{right.delim}{quote$}
540 </export>

```

2.4.2 Entries

We use standard entries here. Of course, more entries could be added for special `.bib` files. Those extra entries will also have to be added in the main exporting function.

```

ENTRY
541 <*export>
542 ENTRY{
543 % Standard fields:

```

```

544 address
545 author
546 booktitle
547 chapter
548 edition
549 editor
550 howpublished
551 institution
552 journal
553 key
554 month
555 note
556 number
557 organization
558 pages
559 publisher
560 school
561 series
562 title
563 type
564 volume
565 year
566 % Special (but still somewhat standard) fields (natbib, germbib, DBLP, ...):
567 abstract
568 acronym
569 annote
570 biburl
571 bibsource
572 doi
573 eid
574 isbn
575 issn
576 language
577 timestamp
578 url
579 urn
580 }{}{}
581 </export>

```

2.4.3 Basic functions

No comment.

```

or
and 582 <*export>
not 583 FUNCTION{not}
584 {
585   {#0}
586   {#1}
587   if$
```

```

588 }
589 FUNCTION{and}
590 {
591     'skip$
592     {pop$ #0}
593     if$
594 }
595 FUNCTION{or}
596 {
597     {pop$ #1}
598     'skip$
599     if$
600 }
601 
```

2.4.4 Splitting strings

We design functions for splitting strings, so that the final .bib file will be cleanly indented. This is also crucial to avoid long URLs.

```

space.complete
split.string 602 
```

```

    {*export}
    split.url 603 INTEGERS{left.length right.length}
    split.name 604 STRINGS{ s t }
        605 FUNCTION{space.complete}
        606 {
            607     'left.length :=
            608     duplicate$ text.length$ left.length swap$ -
            609     {duplicate$ #0 >}
            610     {
            611         swap$ " " * swap$ #1 -
            612     }
            613     while$
            614     pop$
            615 }
        616 FUNCTION{split.string}
        617 {
            618     'right.length :=
            619     duplicate$ right.length #1 + #1 substring$ "" =
            620     {"}
            621     {
            622         's :=
            623         right.length
            624         {duplicate$ duplicate$ s swap$ #1 substring$ " " = not and}
            625             {#1 -}
            626             while$
            627             duplicate$ #2 <
            628                 {
            629                     pop$ " " s * ""
            630                 }
        }
```

```

631      {
632          duplicate$ s swap$ #1 swap$ substring$
633          swap$
634          s swap$ global.max$ substring$
635      }
636      if$
637  }
638  if$
639 }
640 FUNCTION{split.url}
641 {
642     'right.length :=
643     duplicate$ right.length #1 + #1 substring$ "" =
644     {"}
645     {
646         's := right.length
647         {duplicate$ duplicate$ s swap$ #1 substring$ duplicate$ "/" = swap$ duplicate$ "&" = swap$ duplicate$ "?" = swap$ duplicate$ "-" = swap$ ":" = or or or or or not and} #1 -
648         while$ duplicate$ #2 <
649         {
650             pop$ "    " s * ""
651         }
652         {
653             duplicate$ s swap$ #1 swap$ substring$ swap$ #1 +
654             s swap$ global.max$ substring$ }
655         if$
656     }
657     if$
658 }
659 }
660 {
661     duplicate$ s swap$ #1 swap$ substring$ swap$ #1 +
662     s swap$ global.max$ substring$ }
663     if$
664 }
665     if$
666 }
667     if$
668 }
669 FUNCTION{split.name}
670 {
671     'right.length :=
672     duplicate$ right.length #1 + #1 substring$ "" =
673     {"}
674     {
675         's := right.length
676         {duplicate$ duplicate$ s swap$ #5 substring$ " and " = not and} #1 -
677         while$ duplicate$ #2 <

```

```

681      {
682          pop$ " " s * ""
683      }
684      {
685          #4 + duplicate$ s swap$ #1 swap$ substring$
686          swap$
687          s swap$ global.max$ substring$
688      }
689      if$
690  }
691  if$
692 }
693 </export>

```

2.4.5 Exporting fields

Here, we have four exporting functions, since we also have to deal with abbreviations:

```

field.export
abbrv.export 694 <*export>
name.export 695 FUNCTION{field.export}
url.export 696 {
    697  duplicate$ missing$
    698  'skip$'
    699  {
    700      left.delim swap$ * right.delim *
    701      swap$
    702      " " swap$ * " = " * left.width space.complete
    703      swap$ "," *
    704      {duplicate$ "" = not}
    705      {
    706          right.width split.string 't :=
    707          *
    708          write$ newline$
    709          "" left.width space.complete t
    710      }
    711      while$
    712  }
    713  if$
    714  pop$ pop$
    715 }
716 FUNCTION{abbrv.export}
717 {
    718  duplicate$ missing$
    719  'skip$'
    720  {
    721      swap$
    722      " " swap$ * " = " * left.width space.complete
    723      swap$ "," *

```

```

724     {duplicate$ "" = not}
725     {
726         right.width split.string 't :=
727         *
728         write$ newline$
729         "" left.width space.complete t
730     }
731     while$
732 }
733 if$
734 pop$ pop$
735 }
736 FUNCTION{name.export}
737 {
738     duplicate$ missing$
739     'skip$ {
740         left.delim swap$ * right.delim *
741         swap$ " " swap$ * " = " * left.width space.complete
742         swap$ ","
743         {duplicate$ "" = not}
744         {
745             right.width split.name 't :=
746             *
747             write$ newline$
748             "" left.width space.complete t
749         }
750         while$
751     }
752     while$
753 }
754 if$
755 pop$ pop$
756 }
757 FUNCTION{url.export}
758 {
759     duplicate$ missing$
760     'skip$ {
761         left.delim swap$ * right.delim *
762         swap$ " " swap$ * " = " * left.width space.complete
763         swap$ ","
764         {duplicate$ "" = not}
765         {
766             url.right.width split.url 't :=
767             *
768             write$ newline$
769             "" left.width space.complete t
770         }
771         while$
772     }
773     while$

```

```

774      }
775      if$ 
776      pop$ pop$ 
777  }
778 </export>

```

2.4.6 Handling abbreviations

Abbreviations are difficult to deal with if we wish to still use them, since BibTeX will expand them before we can do anything. All we can do is to define them in a special way, in order to be able to get back to the abbreviations later on. This is precisely what we do:

```

jan-dec
acmcs-tcs 779 <*export>
remove.exports.from.months 780 MACRO{jan}{ "export-jan" }
remove.export.from.journal 781 MACRO{feb}{ "export-feb" }
782 MACRO{mar}{ "export-mar" }
783 MACRO{apr}{ "export-apr" }
784 MACRO{may}{ "export-may" }
785 MACRO{jun}{ "export-jun" }
786 MACRO{jul}{ "export-jul" }
787 MACRO{aug}{ "export-aug" }
788 MACRO{sep}{ "export-sep" }
789 MACRO{oct}{ "export-oct" }
790 MACRO{nov}{ "export-nov" }
791 MACRO{dec}{ "export-dec" }
792 MACRO{acmcs}{ "export-acmcs" }
793 MACRO{acta}{ "export-acta" }
794 MACRO{cacm}{ "export-cacm" }
795 MACRO{ibmjrd}{ "export-ibmjrd" }
796 MACRO{ibmsj}{ "export-ibmsj" }
797 MACRO{ieeese}{ "export-ieeese" }
798 MACRO{ieeetc}{ "export-ieeetc" }
799 MACRO{ieeetcad}{ "export-ieeetcad" }
800 MACRO{ipl}{ "export-ipl" }
801 MACRO{jacm}{ "export-jacm" }
802 MACRO{jcss}{ "export-jcss" }
803 MACRO{scp}{ "export-scp" }
804 MACRO{sicomp}{ "export-sicomp" }
805 MACRO{tocs}{ "export-tocs" }
806 MACRO{todc}{ "export-todc" }
807 MACRO{tog}{ "export-tog" }
808 MACRO{toms}{ "export-toms" }
809 MACRO{toois}{ "export-poois" }
810 MACRO{toplas}{ "export-toplas" }
811 MACRO{tcs}{ "export-tcs" }
812 INTEGERS{ intxt }
813 FUNCTION{remove.exports.from.months}
814 {

```

```

815  #0 'intxt :=
816  duplicate$ missing$
817  'skip$
818  {'t :=
819  """
820  {t #1 #1 substring$ "" = not}
821  {
822  t #1 #7 substring$ "export-" =
823  {intxt
824  {right.delim * #0 'intxt :=}
825  'skip$
826  if$
827  duplicate$ "" =
828  'skip$
829  {" # " *}
830  if$
831  t #8 #3 substring$ *
832  t #11 global.max$ substring$ 't :=}
833  {intxt
834  'skip$
835  {duplicate$ "" =
836  {}
837  {" # " *}
838  if$
839  left.delim * #1 'intxt :=}
840  if$
841  t #1 #1 substring$ *
842  t #2 global.max$ substring$ 't :=}
843  if$
844  }
845  while$
846  intxt
847  {right.delim *}
848  'skip$
849  if$
850  }
851  if$
852 }
853 FUNCTION{remove.export.from.journals}
854 {
855  duplicate$ missing$
856  'skip$
857  {
858  duplicate$ #1 #7 substring$ "export-" =
859  {#8 global.max$ substring$}
860  {left.delim swap$
861  right.delim * *}
862  if$
863  }
864  if$

```

```
865 }
866 </export>
```

2.4.7 Now, we export...

We gather everything. This is were special fields must be added for being exported:

```
entry.export.standard
entry.export.extra 867 {*export}
entry.export 868 FUNCTION{entry.export.standard}
  export 869 {
    870   "address" address field.export
    871   "author" author name.export
    872   "booktitle" booktitle field.export
    873   "chapter" chapter field.export
    874   "crossref" crossref field.export
    875   "edition" edition field.export
    876   "editor" editor name.export
    877   "howpublished" howpublished field.export
    878   "institution" institution field.export
    879   "journal" journal remove.export.from.journals abbrv.export
    880   "key" key field.export
    881   "month" month remove.exports.from.months abbrv.export
    882   "note" note field.export
    883   "number" number field.export
    884   "organization" organization field.export
    885   "pages" pages field.export
    886   "publisher" publisher field.export
    887   "school" school field.export
    888   "series" series field.export
    889   "type" type field.export
    890   "title" title field.export
    891   "volume" volume field.export
    892   "year" year field.export
  893 }
  894 FUNCTION{entry.export.extra}
  895 {
    896   "abstract" abstract field.export
    897   "acronym" acronym field.export
    898   "annote" annote field.export
    899   "biburl" biburl url.export
    900   "bibsource" bibsource field.export
    901   "doi" doi field.export
    902   "eid" eid field.export
    903   "isbn" isbn field.export
    904   "issn" issn field.export
    905   "language" language field.export
    906   "timestamp" timestamp field.export
    907   "url" url url.export
    908   "urn" urn url.export
```

```

909 }
910 FUNCTION{entry.export}
911 {
912   entry.export.standard
913   entry.export.extra
914 }
915 FUNCTION{export}
916 {
917   "@ type$ * "{" * cite$ * "," * write$ newline$"
918   entry.export
919   "}" write$ newline$ newline$
920 }
921 </export>

```

2.4.8 Miscellanea

We also have to handle preamble, and to define functions for each entry type (we won't use them but otherwise, BibTeX would complain).

```

preamble
  header 922 <*export>
entries.headers 923 FUNCTION{preamble}
article-unpublished 924 {
  925 preamble$ duplicate$ "" =
  926   'pop$
  927   {
    928     ",-----." write$ newline$
    929     "| PREAMBLE |" write$ newline$
    930     "'-----'" write$ newline$ newline$
    931     "@preamble{ " swap$
    932     quote$ swap$ * quote$ *
    933     {duplicate$ "" = not}
    934     {
      935       right.long.width split.string 't :=
      936       *
      937       write$ newline$
      938       "" left.short.width space.complete t
      939     }
    940     while$
    941     "}" write$ newline$ newline$
    942     pop$ pop$
    943   }
  944 if$
  945 }
  946 FUNCTION{header}
  947 {
  948 %** This file has been automatically generated by bibexport ***
  949 %write$ newline$
  950 %** See http://people.irisa.fr/Nicolas.Markey/latex.php ***
  951 %write$ newline$
```

```

952 %"** for more informations about bibexport.          **"
953 %write$ newline$
954 newline$
955 }
956 FUNCTION{entries.header}
957 {
958 preamble$ "" =
959   'skip$'
960   {
961     ",-----." write$ newline$
962     "| BIBTEX ENTRIES |" write$ newline$
963     "-----'" write$ newline$ newline$ 
964   }
965 if$
966 }
967 FUNCTION{article}{export}
968 FUNCTION{book}{export}
969 FUNCTION{booklet}{export}
970 FUNCTION{conference}{export}
971 FUNCTION{habthesis}{export}
972 FUNCTION{inbook}{export}
973 FUNCTION{incollection}{export}
974 FUNCTION{inproceedings}{export}
975 FUNCTION{journals}{export}
976 FUNCTION{manual}{export}
977 FUNCTION{mastersthesis}{export}
978 FUNCTION{misc}{export}
979 FUNCTION{phdthesis}{export}
980 FUNCTION{proceedings}{export}
981 FUNCTION{techreport}{export}
982 FUNCTION{unpublished}{export}
983 </export>

```

2.4.9 Main program

We now can execute and iterate those functions:

```

984 <*export>
985 READ
986 EXECUTE{header}
987 EXECUTE{preamble}
988 EXECUTE{entries.header}
989 ITERATE{export}
990 </export>

```